

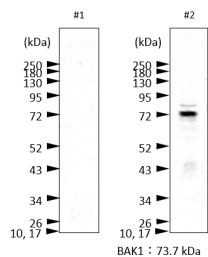
Product no **AS12 1858****BAK1 | Brassinosteroid insensitive 1-associated receptor kinase 1****Product information**

Immunogen	KLH-conjugated peptide, chosen from <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> Bak1 sequence, TAIR: AT4G33430 UniProt: Q94F62
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purity	Immunogen affinity purified serum in PBS pH 7.4.
Format	Lyophilized
Quantity	50 µg
Reconstitution	For reconstitution add 50 µl of sterile water
Storage	Store lyophilized/reconstituted at -20°C; once reconstituted make aliquots to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles, Please remember to spin the tubes briefly prior to opening them to avoid any losses that might occur from material adhering to the cap or sides of the tube.
Additional information	Antibodies bind to AtBAK1-Myc. They do not cross react with AtSOBIR. This product can be sold containing proclin if requested.

Application information

Recommended dilution	2 µl/50 µl of Protein G agarose, 1 : 5000 (WB)
Expected apparent MW	68 70 kDa
Confirmed reactivity	<i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> , <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> !!AIR8!! <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> , <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i>
Predicted reactivity	<i>Thelungiella halophila</i> Species of your interest not listed? Contact us
Not reactive in	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> , <i>Nicotiana benthamiana</i> , <i>Oryza sativa</i>
Additional information	Extra Information on CE extraction buffer: CE buffer does not need to be made freshly everytime. Aliquots can be kept at -20°C. Na ₂ MoO ₄ and NaF are phosphatase inhibitors, included to prevent lose phosphorylation from our protein of interest during extraction. EDTA chelates metal ions and thus inhibits many enzymes which need metal ions as co-factors and inhibits the action of proteases. Protease inhibitor cocktail is Sigma product number P 9599 which is used in dilution 1: 100. Antibody is reconizing AtBAK1-Myc in total extracts.
Selected references	Jing et al. (2024) . Copine proteins are required for brassinosteroid signaling in maize and Arabidopsis. Nat Commun. 2024 Mar 8;15(1):2028. doi: 10.1038/s41467-024-46289-6. Xu et al. (2022) The Phloem Intercalated With Xylem-Related 3 Receptor-Like Kinase Constitutively Interacts With Brassinosteroid Insensitive 1-Associated Receptor Kinase 1 and Is Involved in Vascular Development in Arabidopsis. Front Plant Sci. 2022 Jan 11;12:706633. doi: 10.3389/fpls.2021.706633. PMID: 35087541; PMCID: PMC8786740. Kalischuk et al. (2022) Amplification of cell signaling and disease resistance by an immunity receptor Ve1Ve2 heterocomplex in plants. Commun Biol. 2022 May 25;5(1):497. doi: 10.1038/s42003-022-03439-0. PMID: 35614138; PMCID: PMC9132969. Katarzyna Parys et al (2021) Signatures of antagonistic pleiotropy in a bacterial flagellin epitope, Cell Host & Microbe, Volume 29, Issue 4, 2021, Pages 620-634. e9, ISSN 1931-3128, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chom.2021.02.008 . (https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1931312821000871) Zhang et al. (2019) . An important role of L-fucose biosynthesis and protein fucosylation genes in Arabidopsis immunity. New Phytol. 2018 Dec 15. doi: 10.1111/nph.15639. Hu et al. (2018) . A group of receptor kinases are essential for CLAVATA signalling to maintain stem cell homeostasis. Nat Plants. 2018 Apr;4(4):205-211. doi: 10.1038/s41477-018-0123-z. (CoIP)

Application information



Example of how proper protein extraction contributes to detection of a target band of BAK1

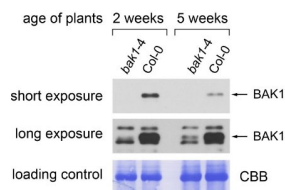
Protein extraction methods

#1 Approximately 100 mg of plant material were extracted in 0.2 ml of homogenization buffer (0.1 M EDTA, 0.12 M Tris-HCl, pH6.8, 4% SDS, 10% glycerol, 10% 2-mercaptoethanol) with a pistil and a small amount of sand in an 1.5ml Eppendorf tube. Another 0.8 ml of buffer were added and the extract was mixed thoroughly. Debris was pelleted by centrifugation at 14,000 rpm. The supernatant was mixed with 2x SDS loading buffer and boiled at 95°C for 10min. (no BAK1 band detected)

#2 Approximately 200 mg of plant material were grounded in a mortar with liquid nitrogen and collected into 2.0 mL microtube. After adding 0.2 ml of 2x SDS loading buffer (0.125M Tris-HCl (pH 6.8), 10% 2-Mercaptoethanol, 4% SDS, 10% Sucrose, 0.004% BPB), the samples was mixed by vortex for 2min and boiled at at 95°C for 10min. Debris was pelleted by centrifugation at 14,000 rpm. The supernatant was collected. (BAK1 band visualized)

Western blot procedure

30 microl were separated on 10% SDS-PAGE and blotted 7min to Trans-Blot Turbo Mini PVDF Transfer Packs using Trans-Blot Turbo Transfer System (Bio-Rad). Blot was blocked with 4% milk in TBS-T for 1h/RT with agitation. Blot was incubated in the primary antibody at a dilution of 1:2000 in 4% milk in TBS-T for 1h/RT with agitation. The antibody solution was decanted and the blot was washed 3 times for 5 min in TBS-T at RT with agitation. Blot was incubated in Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H&L), HRP conjugated (AS09 602 Agrisera), 1:2000 1h/RT with agitation. The blot was washed 3 times for 15 min in TBS-T at RT with agitation and developed for 5 min with AgriseraECL SuperBright. Exposure time was 1min.



Plant material: *Arabidopsis thaliana* Col-0 (wild type) bak1-4 (knock-out mutant for BAK1, does not show any full-length BAK1 transcript, Kemmerling et al., 2007). Method: Two-week-old seedlings and leaf material of 5-week-old plants (grown under short day conditions, 8h light) were collected and frozen in liquid nitrogen. Approximately 100 mg of plant material were extracted in 0.2 ml of homogenization buffer (250 mM sucrose, 50 mM HEPES-KOH pH 7.5, 0.5% Triton X-100, 5% glycerol, 50 mM Na₄P₂O₇, 1 mM Na₂MoO₄, 25 mM NaF, 2 mM DTT, Sigma plant protease inhibitor cocktail) with a glass pistil and a small amount of sand in an 1.5ml Eppendorf tube. Another 0.8 ml of buffer were added and the extract was mixed thoroughly. Debris was pelleted by centrifugation in a table-top microcentrifuge at 13 000 rpm. The supernatant was mixed with 4x SDS loading buffer (200 mM TRIS-HCl pH 6.8, 400 mM DTT, 8% SDS, 40% glycerol, 0.1% bromophenol blue) and boiled at 95°C for 5min. 10µl were run on an 10% polyacrylamide gel and blotted onto a 0.45µm PVDF membrane (Carl Roth). The membrane was blocked for 1h in TBS-T (150mM NaCl, 10mM Tris-HCl pH8, 0.05% Tween-20) containing 5% skimmed milk powder. The primary antibody (Agrisera Rabbit anti-BAK1, AS12 1858, 1µg/µl) was diluted 1:5000 in TBS-T containing 5% milk powder and incubated on the membrane overnight at 4°C. Then the membrane was washed 5 times 15min with TBS-T containing 5% milk powder. The secondary antibody (Agrisera Goat anti-rabbit IgG (H&L) HRP conjugate, AS09 602, 0.91 µg/µl) was diluted 1:5000 in the same solution and incubated on the membrane at room temperature for 2h. The membrane was then washed 5 times 15min with TBS-T (no milk powder) and the blot was developed using chemiluminescent detection reagent. Short exposure: 1 minute. Long exposure: 10 minutes.